



June 8 Presentation

Al Saurette (Al@Maintegrity.com)
Gary Euler (Gary@MainTegrity.com)

MainTegrity
MainTegrity



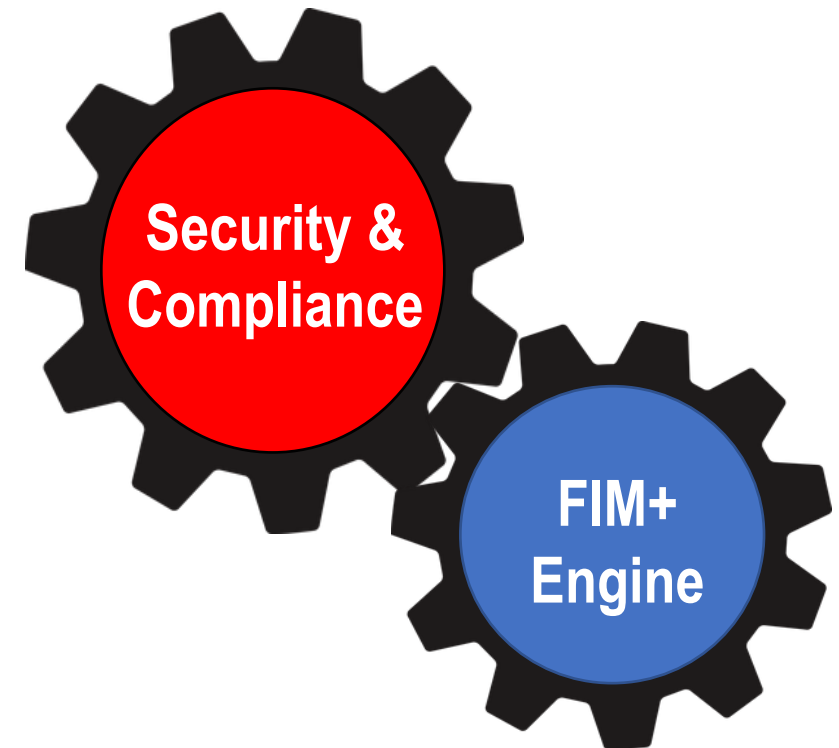
Partners:



What you will learn

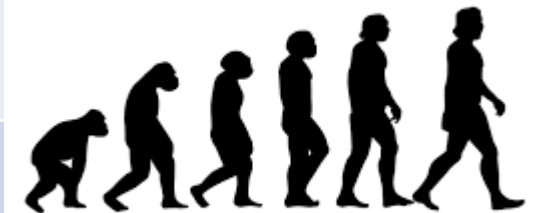


- Why FIM+ can improve:
 - Your z/OS Security,
 - Response to Security incidents
 - Save time and Improve PCI compliance
- Hacker Evolution – Very Scary
- Why perimeter security is not enough
- Inside a Ransomware attack
- Anatomy of the ATM Cash-out attack
- PCI recommendations
- Questions and Wrap Up



The rise of hackers

Type of Attack	Date started	Goal of attack	Who commits the attack
Penetration	70's and 80's	Impress other hackers	Lone wolf
Viruses	1987(Brain) 1994(AOHell) 2000(ILOVEYOU)	Annoy people, Activism, Free Internet, Steal Credit Cards	Lone wolf or small teams
Denial of Service	1996 (Panix)	Revenge, Money, activism	Lone wolf or small teams
Ransomware	1989(Aids Trojan)	\$\$	Lone wolf >>> to sophisticated teams
Ransomware as a service	2005ish	\$\$\$	Small sophisticated teams, organized crime
Cyber warfare	2010ish (Stuxnet)	\$\$\$\$, Secrets, disrupt life, shut down infrastructure, mayhem	Big, well funded Nation State Attacks



Looking for much bigger game



Mainframes stats (ATMs and IMS)

- \$7.7 trillion credit card payments (annual)
- 29 billion ATM transactions (annual)
- 12.6 billion transactions (daily)
- 87% of CC Transactions done on z/OS

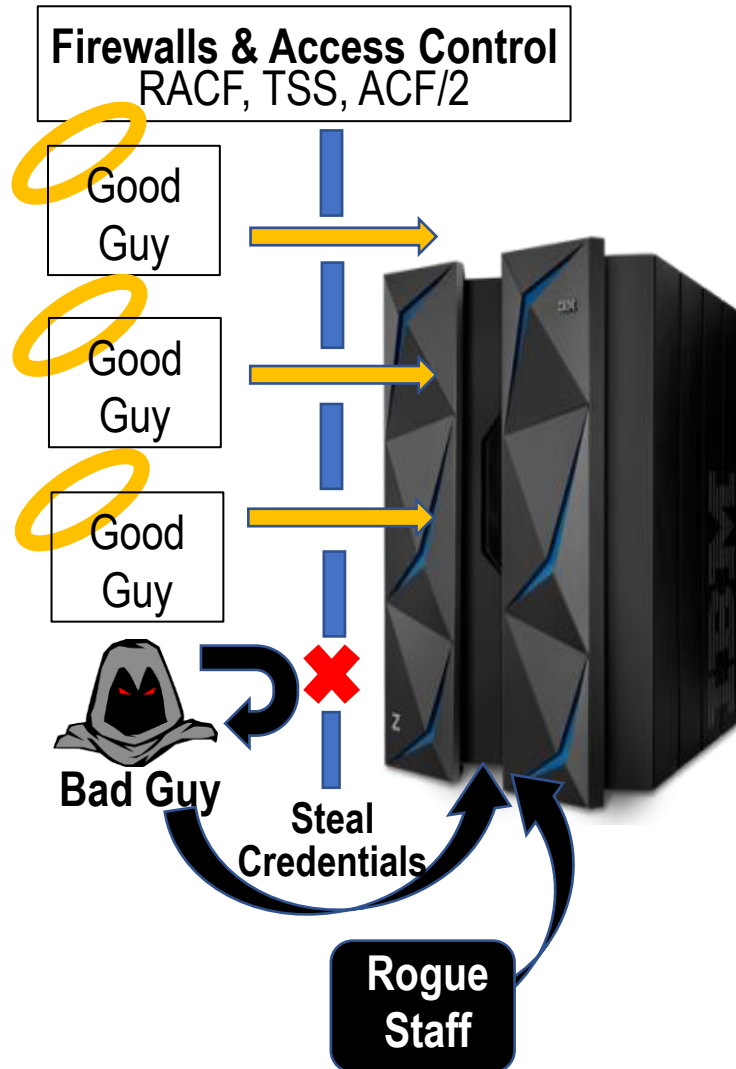
The IT world is increasingly unsafe

- Dark web many millions of userid / PW for sale – Troy Hunt ^[1]
- Organized Crime and Nation States increasingly involved
- Increasingly, Governments are calling for ‘zero trust’ cyber infrastructures



[1] <https://www.troyhunt.com/the-773-million-record-collection-1-data-reach>





Guard the perimeter

- Insiders are past Firewall / Access Control
 1. Bad Guys steal credentials (look legitimate)
 2. Trusted employees go rogue (disgruntled, gambling, health)

No matter how good your perimeter defences are criminals can get in

Forrester says 'Perimeter security has FAILED'



Mainframe Hacking Tools

A simple Google search turns up an impressive array of z/OS Hacking tools:

My favourite are the **Z/OS System Enumeration Scripts**:

ENUM - Display APF Datasets, Catalogs, RACF Information, all SVC's,

STARTMAP - Display IPL Information, Proclibs

CATMAP - Walks a catalog and gathers PDS and PDSE member names

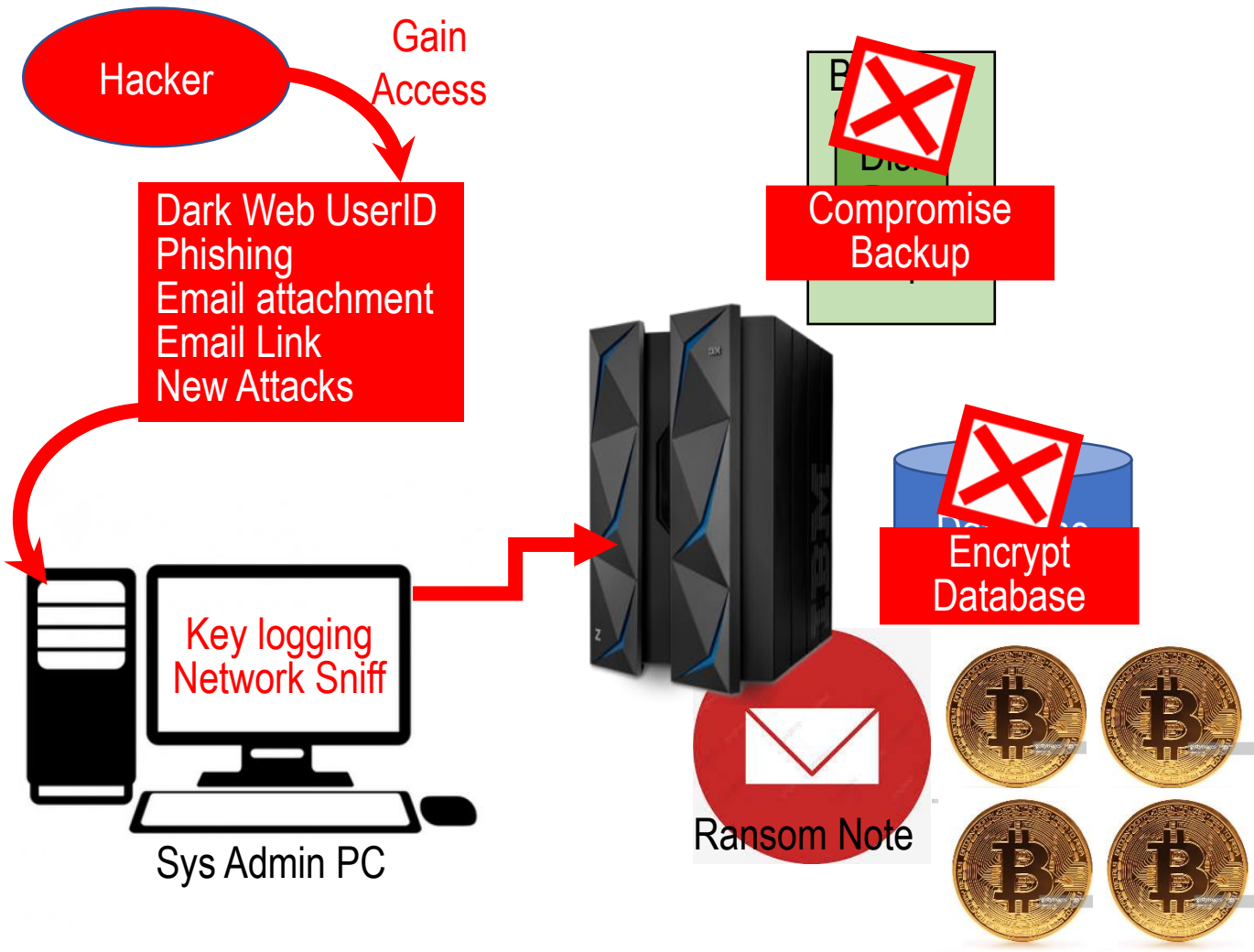
SYSOWN- List of libraries and their meta data of the files in this TSO Session.

One wonders what is available on the Dark Web (Tor)

- [Multipurpose Nmap Scripts](#)
 - [tn3270-screen.nse](#)
 - [tso-enum.nse](#)
 - [tso-brute.nse](#)
 - [vtam-enum.nse](#)
 - [lu-enum.nse](#)
 - [cics-enum.nse](#)
 - [cics-info.nse](#)
 - [cics-user-brute.nse](#)
 - [cics-user-enum.nse](#)
- [TPX Brute - The z/OS TPX logon panel brute forcer](#)
- [RACF Database Parser](#)
- [Mainframe Application pentesting \(CICS etc.\)](#)
 - [CICSPwn](#)
 - [BIRP](#)



Anatomy of a z/OS Ransomware Attack



Steps in an Advanced Ransomware Attack^[1]

- Reconnaissance
- Penetrate
- Fortify
- Infiltrate
- Spoliation
- Ransom Demand

[1] Eric Vanderburg: The Six Phases of an Advanced RansomWare Threat
<https://www.tcdi.com/6-phases-advanced-ransomware-threat/>



FIM+ Ransomware Solutions



- Whitelisting^[1] – FIM+ discovers/monitors key elements
- Integrity verify on backups^[2] - Checksum
- Real-time access and FIM alerts via email / text
- Forensic data gathering / display – SMF, approvals
- Policy driven actions:
 - File quarantine, deletion
 - Guilty Userid suspension
- Audit records to prove compliance – PCI, NIST, GDPR



Creating a z/OS data fortress

[1] NIST – Guide to Application Whitelisting – October 2015

[2] European Central Bank, Cyber resilience oversight, Dec 2018



“Use application whitelisting, which only allows systems to execute programs known and permitted by security policy.” [1]

“A *whitelist* is a list of discrete entities, processes, or applications that are authorized to be present or active on a system according to a well- defined baseline.” [2]

White listing with FIM+:

- Auto Discover for APF and Program Product Libraries (IMS, CICS, DB2 etc) to create baselines
- Application scan – create a baseline from any selected applications immediately after QA
- Active enforcement – FIM+ monitors the whitelist and sends an alert if any change is detected
- Support for Multiple Versions – Baselines can created on demand

Benefit:

- Malware cannot get placed on your production system without triggering an alert
- Security team notifications and responses occur automatically

[1] How to protect your networks from Ransomware– US Government Inter Agency Document

<https://www.justice.gov/criminal-ccips/file/872771/download>

[2] NIST – Guide to Application Whitelisting – October 2015

<https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/SpecialPublications/NIST.SP.800-167.pdf>



Central Banks in North American and Europe recommend commercial banks perform checksums on backups. ECB says “Backups should be tested regularly to verify their availability and integrity.” [1]

WHY?:

- Provide early warning of an impending Ransomware attack.
- A ransomware attack could impact the Financial Market stability

SOLUTION:

- Full scans for smaller backup files
- Sample Scans for handling terabyte sized backup files
 - Creates key from a user definable amount of data in the file
 - Can do sample scans with periodic full scans or just sample scans
 - Can sample the same data or different data on each scan
 - Can read first and last block only (Virtual Tape)

[1] European Central Bank, Cyber Resilience Oversight, Dec 2018

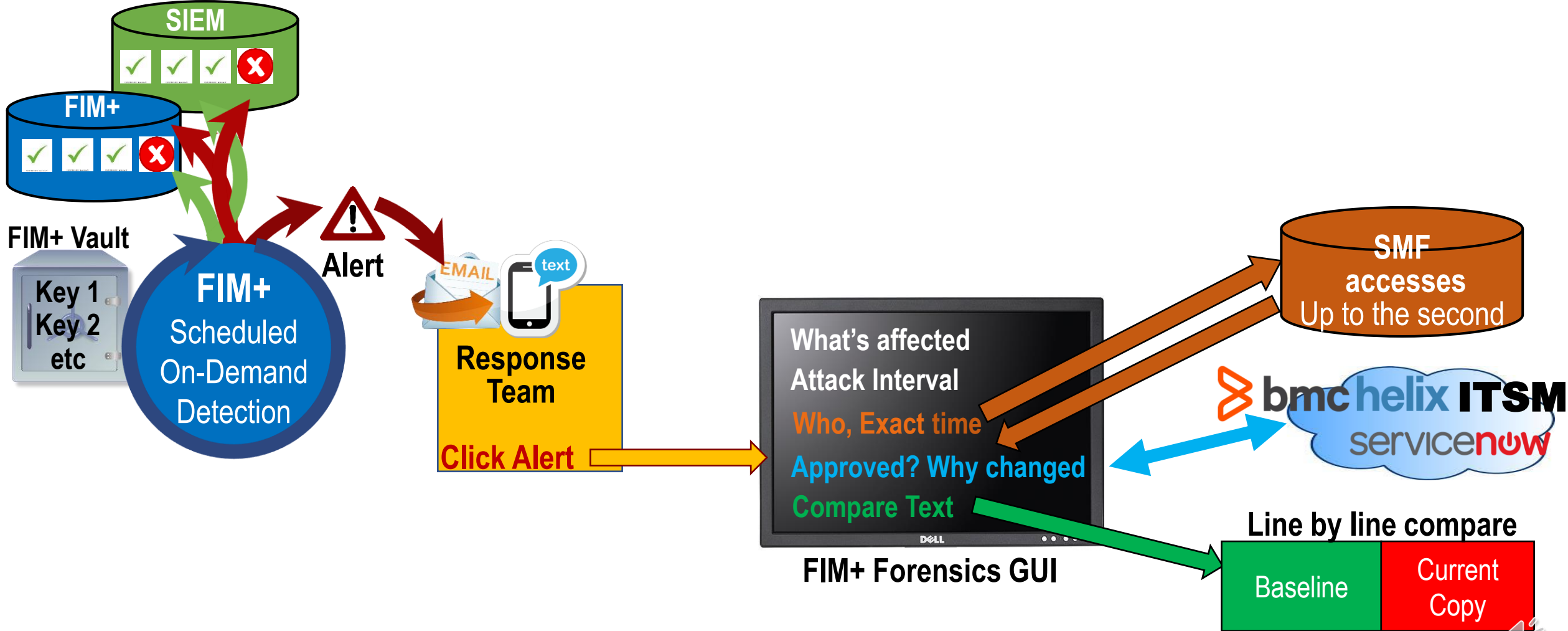
https://www.ecb.europa.eu/paym/pdf/cons/cyberresilience/Cyber_resilience_oversight_expectations_for_financial_market_infrastructures.pdf



FIM+ Detection



Splunk, QRadar, Others



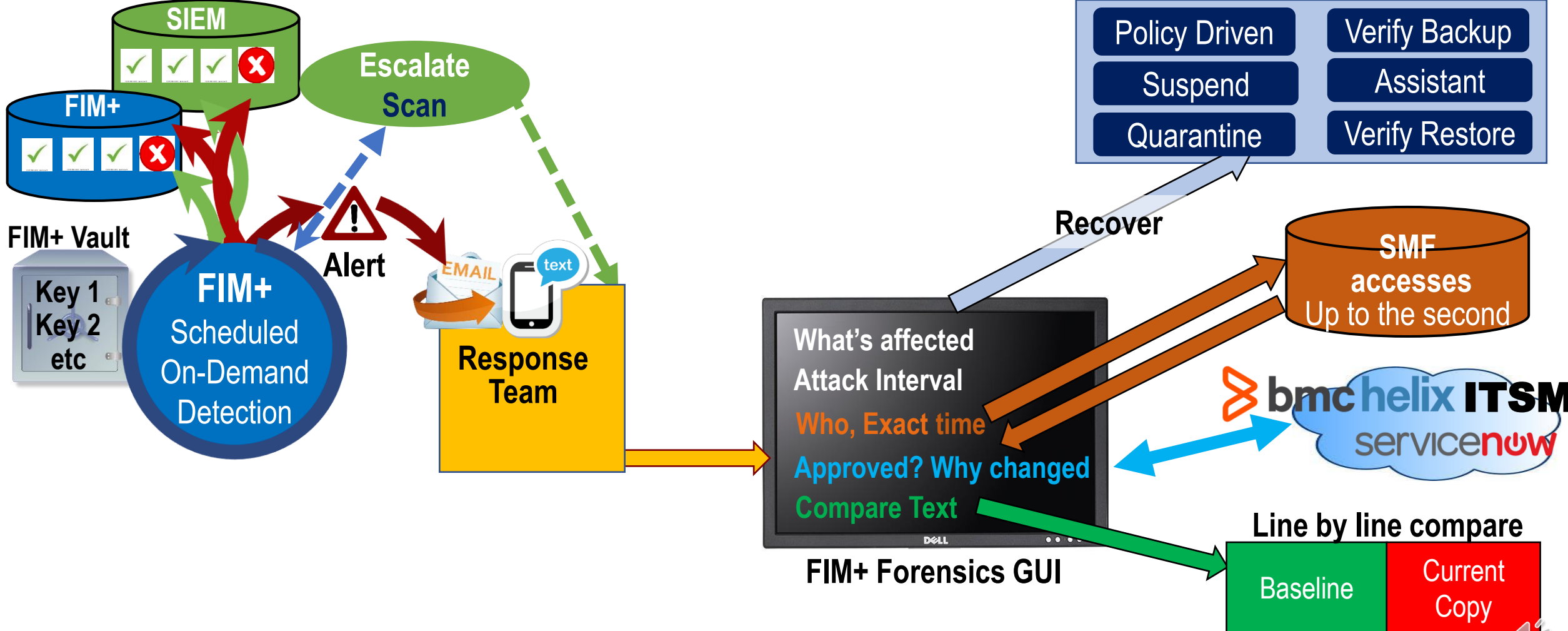
Manage, Detect, Respond, Recover

FIM+ Recovery





Splunk, QRadar, Others

Recovery



Manage, Detect, Respond, Recover

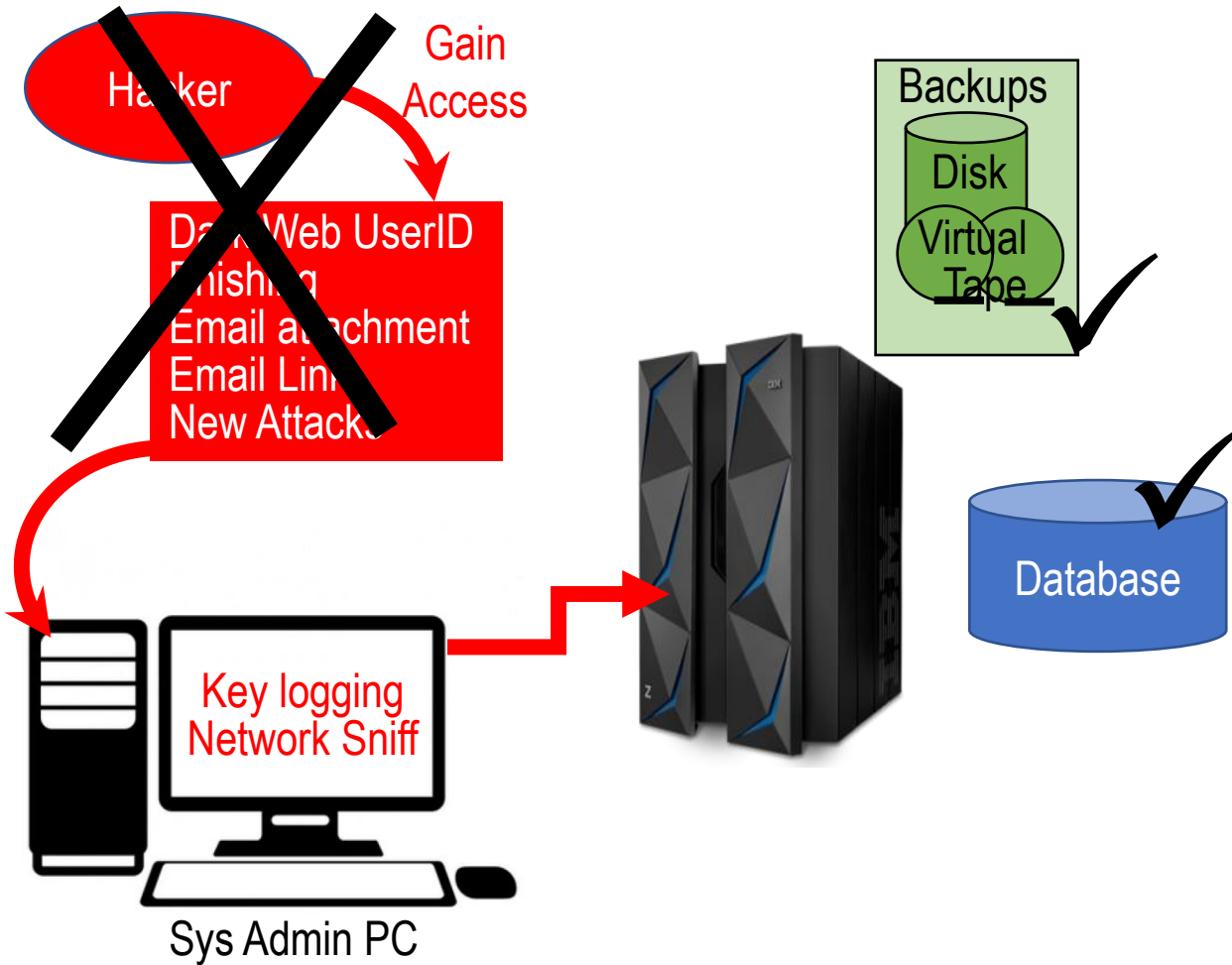
Provide quick answers instead of questions, when time is crucial

	FIM & Access Data*		Classic Response
Detect	Advanced Detection		Basic detection
Respond	Alarm verified		Is it a false alarm?
	Know WHY		Why was it done?
	Know Scope		What was affected?
	Know Attack Interval		When did it start?
Recover	Review accesses (dozens)		Review accesses (thousands)
	Know Who did it		Who did it?
	Show changed lines		What did they do?
	Restore Assistant		Corrective action
	Verified correct	Minutes	Weeks

* Automate forensics / recovery with change control, SMF and FIM data at your fingertips



Now defeat Ransomware



What has FIM+ done for you?

- Verified Backups
- Sent Early Warning
- Real-time Alerts
- Fast reaction – Forensics
- Scope - what else was affected
- Prevented a ransom attack

Defeat Ransomware & other Malicious exposures – Now!



Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard

Sec 10.5.5	Is file-integrity monitoring or change-detection software used on logs to ensure that existing log data cannot be changed without generating alerts (although new data being added should not cause an alert)?
------------	--

Sec 11.5	Is a change-detection mechanism (for example, file-integrity monitoring tools) deployed to detect unauthorized modification (including changes, additions, and deletions) of critical system files, configuration files, or content files?
----------	--



Section 3:Part 3. PCI DSS Validation

Compliant: All sections of PCI DSS complete, all questions answered affirmatively

Part 3b. Attestation

Signature of Executive Officer _____

Executive Officer Name: _____ Date: _____

Title: Your CIO, Your CFO, Your CEO

Without FIM technology you do not comply. Period



Key Points in attack:

- Most ATM transactions captured by IMS on a mainframe
- Card management system is altered
- Change to parameters or executable
- Takes knowledge / coordination - most likely “inside job”

Recommended best practices?

1. 24/7 monitoring with File Integrity Monitoring (FIM)
2. Improve detection, response, recovery
3. Strict separation of roles - no “inside job”

October 7, 2020

BULLETIN: ATM CASH-OUT THREAT

The PCI Security Standards Council and ATM Industry Association want to highlight an emerging threat that requires **urgent attention**.

What is the threat?

ATM “cash-out” attack is an elaborate attack in which criminals breach a bank or card processor and manipulate fraud detection controls as well as customer accounts



Also stronger NIST, GDPR, Bank Resiliency



Proof of Compliance



Audit Report

Date: Oct 27, 2020

Date/Time	Component	System	Scan Stat	Scan Type	Entries	Added	Removed	Modified	Malicious
2020/09/29 09:06:24	AuthSystemLibs	SYSA	NoChange	Quick	42757	0	0	0	0
2020/09/29 09:00:08	AuthSystemLibs	SYSA	NoChange	Full	42757	0	0	0	0
2020/09/29 08:53:20	ProdConfig	SYSA	NoChange	Full	826	0	0	0	0
2020/09/29 08:52:44	ProdConfig	SYSA	NoChange	Quick	826	0	0	0	0
2020/09/29 08:51:52	ProdConfig	SYSA	NoChange	Full	826	0	0	0	0
2020/09/29 07:02:26	Monitor00010	SYSC	NoChange	Full	14	0	0	0	0





Compliance Report

On-Demand
Browser View

Typical
Evidence
for Audit

View		Scan	Status	Date	Component	System
		170	NoChange	2020/09/29 09:06:24	AuthSystemLibs	SYSA
		169	NoChange	2020/09/29 09:00:08	AuthSystemLibs	SYSA
		168	NoChange	2020/09/29 08:53:20	ProdConfig	SYSA
		167	NoChange	2020/09/29 08:52:44	ProdConfig	SYSA
		166	NoChange	2020/09/29 08:51:52	ProdConfig	SYSA
		165	NoChange	2020/09/29 07:02:26	Monitor00010	SYSC
		164	Correct	2020/09/29 06:56:56	App9:1.0.0	SYSC
		163	Mismatch	2020/09/28 11:50:13	ProdSynch	SYSB
		162	Changed	2020/09/28 11:50:01	ProdSynch	SYSA
		161	Correct	2020/09/28 08:42:32	ProdSynch:Apr2019	SYSC

“An enterprise monitors integrity and security posture of all owned and associated assets.
No asset is inherently trusted.” – NIST 2021

	Compliance aspect	Details	Evidence
1	Security configuration baseline (SCB) monitoring 	Technical baselines are defined and applied to all IT infrastructure elements. SCBs are regularly monitored via a tool. Deviations are managed by a formal process.	Compliance report for all IT infrastructure elements in scope of regulations; process to manage SCB and deviations.
2	File integrity monitoring (FIM) 	On the application and platform level critical system parameters are identified and monitored for changes.	Authorised & unauthorised changes for each platform and app; change process; FIM alert handling procedure.
3	Vulnerability monitoring 	In all relevant network segments, IT assets are discovered and regular vulnerability scans are conducted.	List of IT assets with a status of known vulnerabilities; vulnerability management process.
4	Data breach detection 	PII/CID data leakage is detected or prevented at client end-points, application and relevant gateways.	Application logging; use cases for suspicious behaviour in application; upload, email security incident processes.



FIM+ can help you



- Auto-Discover sensitive components (zero admin)
- Detect changes that bypass existing tools (internal threats)
- Respond to incidents faster – automated detection / forensics
- Eliminate false alarms & redundant effort
- Comply with specific aspects of Zero Trust, PCI, NIST, Cyber Resiliency
- Allow staff to make the right decisions, with all the facts in one place
- Run all on mainframe, or feed your enterprise security console



Mainframes are high value targets – Defend them properly



Talk to an expert

- Deeper Dive
- Discuss specific needs

Do an express trial

- Free, takes a couple of days
- Auto-Discover APF and other sensitive datasets
- Run a full test suite – ours and yours
- Keep the Whitelist that the system builds

Hackers are moving ahead – Are you?

Call us at (403) 818-8625 or info@MainTegrity.com

